femalifesafety.org +1 (216) 241-7333

FY22 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) Language

Due to DoD's failure to correctly implement the language supported by FEMA in the FY20 NDAA, FEMA continues to build congressional allies and work with offices to introduce stricter statutory language.

National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 - signed into law by President Biden on December 27th, 2021 - includes corrective language on FEMA's extinguisher requirement priorities:

NDAA DIVISION A — DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS
TITLE XXVIII — MILITARY CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PROVISIONS
Subtitle I — One-Time Reports and Other Matters

SEC. 2881. CLARIFICATION OF INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS REGARDING FIRE EXTINGUISHERS IN DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FACILITIES.

Section 2861 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (division B of Public Law 116–92; 10 U.S.C. 113 note; 133 Stat. 1899) is amended by striking *"requirements of national model fire codes developed by the National Fire Protection Association and the International Code Council" and inserting "NFPA 1, Fire Code of the National Fire Protection Association and applicable requirements of the international building code and international fire code of the International Code Council."*